

If You Have Questions – Contact Us

For information about your water quality or to find out about upcoming opportunities to participate in public meetings, please contact our 24-hour Customer Service Center at 1-800-999-4033. Visit us online at www.gswater.com or email us at customerservice@gswater.com.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua de beber. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.



Golden State
Water Company
A Subsidiary of American States Water Company

12035 Burke St., Suite 10
Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670



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Providing Quality Drinking Water in California Since 1929

Golden State Water Company (GSWC) is pleased to present this Annual Water Quality Report, which contains important information about the quality of your drinking water for calendar year 2011.

Bringing you clean drinking water is serious business. We strictly follow the guidelines of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), the California Department of Public Health, and the California Public Utilities Commission, sampling more than 230 regulated and unregulated elements in our water systems. GSWC's industry professionals regularly take samples to monitor quality at the water source and throughout the distribution system. We spent more than \$550,000 companywide last year on laboratory tests to ensure that we are meeting regulatory standards and providing high-quality water.

If any drinking water standard is compromised, we are required to take immediate action, notify you quickly, and restore normal service. **Last year, the water we provided you met all USEPA and California drinking water standards.**

We pride ourselves on getting the job done right. For more than 80 years, we have successfully built relationships with the industry's best and our team of experts is equipped to provide customers with the most efficient and effective service possible. We are constantly improving our water production and delivery systems, and maintaining wells, pumps and pipelines. Our philosophy is to invest in robust preventive maintenance programs so that our water infrastructure can provide you with high-quality water, 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

You, our customer, are our number one priority. Our around-the-clock Customer Service Center has representatives to answer your water questions and address your concerns day or night. Our website, www.gswater.com, contains a wide range of topics that include water quality, conservation rebates and information about your local customer service area, and water-use efficiency.

With regard to water-use efficiency, conservation remains one of the best and least-cost ways to maintain a reliable source of high-quality water now and for future generations.

On behalf of the men and women of Golden State Water Company who serve you, thank you for providing us the opportunity to be your water provider. We invite you to call our 24-hour Customer Service Center with any questions or feedback about this report at 1-800-999-4033.

Sincerely,



Robert Sprows
President and Chief Executive Officer
Golden State Water Company



Paul Rowley
Central District Manager
Golden State Water Company



2012

Water Quality Report for year 2011



Bell/Bell Gardens Water System



Source Water Assessment

GSWC conducted a source water assessment in 2002 for each groundwater well serving the customers of its Bell/Bell Gardens System.

Groundwater sources in this system are considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with detected contaminants: apartments and condominiums, appliance/electronic repair, cement/concrete plants, food processing, hardware/lumber/parts stores, home manufacturing, lumber processing and manufacturing, office buildings/complexes, parking lots/malls, schools, utility station maintenance areas, water supply wells, wood/pulp/paper processing, and mills.

Groundwater sources in this system are considered most vulnerable to the following activities associated with contaminants detected in the water supply: automobile repair and body shops, chemical/petroleum processing/storage, dry cleaners, electrical/electronic manufacturing, fleet/truck/bus terminals, gas stations, metal plating/finishing/fabricating, motor pools, and sewer collection systems.

A copy of the assessment may be viewed at:

CDPH Los Angeles District Office
500 N. Central Ave., Suite 500
Glendale, CA 91203

or

GSWC Santa Fe Springs Office
12035 Burke St., Suite 10
Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting:

CDPH Los Angeles District Office at 1-818-551-2004

For more details contact:

Dawn White at 1-800-999-4033

Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD) completed a source water assessment of its Colorado River and State Water Project supplies in December 2002.

Colorado River supplies are considered to be most vulnerable to the following: increasing urbanization in the watershed, recreation, urban/stormwater runoff, and wastewater.

State Water Project supplies are considered to be most vulnerable to the following: agriculture, recreation, urban/stormwater runoff, wastewater, and wildlife.

A copy of the assessment can be obtained by contacting MWD by phone at 1-213-217-6850, option 3.

Cross Connection Control Program

GSWC's Cross Connection Control Program provides a level of certainty that the water in the company's distribution system is protected from possible backflow of contaminated water from commercial or industrial customers' premises. For additional information, visit www.gswater.com/water_quality.html.

Where Does My Water Come From?

Water delivered to customers in the Bell/Bell Gardens System is a blend of groundwater pumped from the Central Groundwater Basin and imported water from the Colorado River Aqueduct and the State Water Project (imported and distributed by Metropolitan Water District of Southern California). The Central Groundwater Basin is bounded on the north by the La Brea Uplift; on the east by the Elysian, Repetto, Merced and Puente hills; on the southeast by the Orange County Groundwater Basin; and on the west by the Newport-Inglewood Fault Zone.

Risk to Tap and Bottled Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the layers in the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animal or human activity.

To be certain that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the CDPH prescribe regulations limiting the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. United States Food and Drug Administration (USFDA) and CDPH regulations also provide the same public health protection by establishing limits for contaminants in bottled water.

Contaminants in Drinking Water Sources May Include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, and farming
- Pesticides and herbicides that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff and residential uses
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff and septic systems
- Radioactive contaminants that can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities

For People with Sensitive Immune Systems

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised people, such as those individuals with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, those who have undergone organ transplants, those with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly populations, and infants, can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice from their health care providers.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency/Centers for Disease Control guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

