

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

Water System Name: **PACIFIC OFFSHORE PIPELINE COMP**
Water System Number: **4200691**

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on _____ (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the Department of Public Health.

Certified By: Name _____

Signature _____

Title _____

Phone Number (_____) _____ Date _____

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To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

___ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery method used: _____

___ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following methods:

___ Posted the CCR on the internet at www. _____

___ Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)

___ Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)

___ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)

___ Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)

___ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses and schools

___ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)

___ For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: www. _____

___ For privately-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

2012 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: PACIFIC OFFSHORE PIPELINE COMP Report Date: June 2013

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2012

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua beber. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water sources(s) in use: According to CDPH records, this Source is Groundwater. This Assessment was done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 1 source: POPCO Well 02.

For more information about this report, or for any questions relating to your drinking water, please call .

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Variations and Exemptions: Department permission to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.

ND: not detectable at testing limit

ppm: parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ppb: parts per billion or micrograms per liter ($\mu\text{g/L}$)

ppt: parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

ppq: parts per quadrillion or picograms per liter (pg/L)

pCi/l: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

The sources of drinking water(both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, spring, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

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Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, which can be naturally occurring or the result of oil production and mining activities.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the California Department of Health Services (Department) prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Department regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1,2,3,4 and 5 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituents. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The Department allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

TABLE 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER						
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in the last sample set)	No. of Samples Collected	90th Percentile Level	No. Site Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Lead (Pb) (ppb)	2 (2011)	2.25	0	15	0.2	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers, erosion of natural deposits
Copper (ppm)	2 (2011)	0.110	0	1.3	.17	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

TABLE 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL (MRDL)	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Sodium (ppm)	2011	86	86 - 86	none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (ppm)	2011	626	626 - 626	none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

TABLE 3 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL (MRDL)	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Barium (Ba) ppm	2008	0.03	0.03 - 0.03	1	2	Discharge from oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

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TABLE 3 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL (MRDL)	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Fluoride (F) ppm	2011	0.3	0.3 - 0.3	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Mercury ppb	2008	0.03	0.03 - 0.03	2	1.2	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills and cropland
Gross Alpha pCi/L	2009	3.4	0.2 - 5	15	n/a	Erosion of natural deposits.
Uranium pCi/L	2009	0.1	ND - 0.3	20	0.5	Erosion of natural deposits
Total Radium 228 pCi/L	2009	0.08	ND - 0.2	5	n/a	Erosion of natural deposits

TABLE 4 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL (MRDL)	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Chloride ppm	2011	39	39 - 39	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Color (Unfiltered) Units	2011	10	10 - 10	15	n/a	Naturally-occurring organic materials
Iron (Fe) ppb	2011	470	50 - 2200	300	n/a	Leaching from natural deposits; Industrial wastes
Manganese (Mn) ppb	2011	71	ND - 610	50	500	Leaching from natural deposits
Specific Conductance umhos/cm	2011	881	881 - 881	1600	n/a	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate (SO4) ppm	2011	152	152 - 152	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
TDS ppm	2011	580	580 - 580	1000	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits

Any violation of MCL,AL or MRDL is shaded. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

TABLE 5 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Health Effects Language
Boron ppm	2011	0.4	0.4 - 0.4 (2011)	1	The babies of some pregnant women who drink water containing boron in excess of the notification level may have an increased risk of developmental effects, based on studies in laboratory animals.

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Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care provider. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791)

For Lead (Pb), If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. *PACIFIC OFFSHORE PIPELINE COMP* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Nitrates missed in 2012. Based on historical data, it is not anticipated that the level would exceed the MCL. Nitrate sampling will resume in 2013.

Summary Information for Contaminants Exceeding an MCL, MRDL, or AL, or a violation of Any Treatment Technique or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

About our Iron (Fe): Iron was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Iron MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste, odor and the staining of plumbing fixtures (e.g., tubs and sinks), and clothing while washing. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

About our Manganese (Mn): Manganese was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Manganese MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste, odor and the staining of plumbing fixtures (e.g., tubs and sinks), and clothing while washing. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

Manganese (Mn) result found exceeded California Department of Public Health(CDPH) notification level. The notification level for manganese is used to protect consumers from neurological effects. High levels of manganese in people have been shown to result in effects of the nervous system.

Drinking Water Source Assessment Information

Assessment Info

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL 02 of the PACIFIC OFFSHORE PIPELINE COMP water system in September, 2002.

Well 02 - The source is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:
Chemical/petroleum processing/storage

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Discussion of Vulnerability

There have been no contaminants detected in the water supply above the Maximum Contaminant Level, however the source is still considered vulnerable to activities located near the drinking water source.

Acquiring Info

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at:

Environmental Health Services
225 Camino del Remedio
Santa Barbara, CA 93110

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting:

Norman Fujimoto
Environmental Health Specialist
805-681-4917
805-681-4901 (fax)
Fujimoto@co.santa-barbara.ca.us

PACIFIC OFFSHORE PIPELINE COMP

Analytical Results By FGL - 2012

LEAD AND COPPER RULE									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile	# Samples
Lead (Pb)		ppb	0	15	0.2			2.25	2
Popco Mens RR 1	SP 1106084-003	ppb				06/08/2011	3.00		
Popco Women's R	SP 1106084-005	ppb				06/08/2011	1.50		
Copper		ppm		1.3	.17			0.110	2
Popco Mens RR 1	SP 1106084-003	ppm				06/08/2011	0.0990		
Popco Women's R	SP 1106084-005	ppm				06/08/2011	0.121		

SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Sodium		ppm		none	none			86	86 - 86
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppm				01/13/2011	86.0		
Hardness		ppm		none	none			626	626 - 626
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppm				01/13/2011	626		

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS)									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Barium (Ba)		ppm	2	1	2			0.03	0.03 - 0.03
POPCO Well 02	SP 0807045-002	ppm				06/26/2008	0.0335		
Fluoride (F)		ppm		2	1			0.3	0.3 - 0.3
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppm				01/13/2011	0.300		
Mercury		ppb		2	1.2			0.03	0.03 - 0.03
POPCO Well 02	SP 0807045-002	ppb				06/26/2008	0.0300		
Gross Alpha		pCi/L		15				3.4	0.2 - 5
POPCO Well 02	SP 0912825-002	pCi/L				12/18/2009	0.157		
POPCO Well 02	SP 0909181-002	pCi/L				09/14/2009	4.55		
POPCO Well 02	SP 0906187-002	pCi/L				06/22/2009	4.87		
POPCO Well 02	SP 0903056-002	pCi/L				03/30/2009	4.20		
Uranium		pCi/L		20	0.5			0.1	0 - 0.3
POPCO Well 02	SP 0909181-002	pCi/L				09/14/2009	0.000		
POPCO Well 02	SP 0906187-002	pCi/L				06/22/2009	0.063		
POPCO Well 02	SP 0903056-002	pCi/L				03/30/2009	0.332		
Total Radium 228		pCi/L	0.019	5				0.08	0.0 - 0.2
POPCO Well 02	SP 0912825-002	pCi/L				12/18/2009	0.000		
POPCO Well 02	SP 0909181-002	pCi/L				09/14/2009	0.200		
POPCO Well 02	SP 0906187-002	pCi/L				06/22/2009	0.106		
POPCO Well 02	SP 0903056-002	pCi/L				03/30/2009	0.000		

SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (SDWS)									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Chloride		ppm		500				39	39 - 39
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppm				01/13/2011	39.0		
Color (Unfiltered)		Units		15				10	10 - 10
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	Units				01/13/2011	10.0		
Iron (Fe)		ppb		300				470	50 - 2200
Popco Eyewash S	SP 1105158-001	ppb				05/23/2011	240		
Popco Eyewash S	SP 1105158-002	ppb				05/23/2011	260		
Popco Lunch Roo	SP 1103284-001	ppb				04/01/2011	280		
Ladies Restroom	SP 1103284-002	ppb				04/01/2011	260		
Mens Restroom @	SP 1103284-003	ppb				04/01/2011	250		
Eye Wash Statio	SP 1103284-004	ppb				04/01/2011	370		
Eye Wash Statio	SP 1103284-005	ppb				04/01/2011	540		
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppb				01/13/2011	2230		
Popco Lunch Roo	SP 1100039-001	ppb				01/03/2011	80.0		
Ladies Restroom	SP 1100039-002	ppb				01/03/2011	50.0		

PACIFIC OFFSHORE PIPELINE COMP

Analytical Results By FGL - 2012

SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (SDWS)									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Iron (Fe)									
Mens Restroom @	SP 1100039-003	ppb				01/03/2011	60.0		
Eye Wash Statio	SP 1100039-004	ppb				01/03/2011	1200		
Eye Wash Statio	SP 1100039-005	ppb				01/03/2011	270		
Manganese (Mn)									
Popco Eyewash S	SP 1105158-001	ppb		50	500	05/23/2011	20.0	71	0 - 610
Popco Eyewash S	SP 1105158-002	ppb				05/23/2011	20.0		
Popco Lunch Roo	SP 1103284-001	ppb				04/01/2011	0.00		
Ladies Restroom	SP 1103284-002	ppb				04/01/2011	0.00		
Mens Restroom @	SP 1103284-003	ppb				04/01/2011	0.00		
Eye Wash Statio	SP 1103284-004	ppb				04/01/2011	0.00		
Eye Wash Statio	SP 1103284-005	ppb				04/01/2011	20.0		
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppb				01/13/2011	610		
Popco Lunch Roo	SP 1100039-001	ppb				01/03/2011	0.00		
Ladies Restroom	SP 1100039-002	ppb				01/03/2011	0.00		
Mens Restroom @	SP 1100039-003	ppb				01/03/2011	0.00		
Eye Wash Statio	SP 1100039-004	ppb				01/03/2011	200		
Eye Wash Statio	SP 1100039-005	ppb				01/03/2011	50.0		
Specific Conductance									
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	umhos/cm umhos/cm		1600		01/13/2011	881	881	881 - 881
Sulfate (SO4)									
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppm ppm		500		01/13/2011	152	152	152 - 152
TDS									
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppm ppm		1000		01/13/2011	580	580	580 - 580

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Boron									
POPCO Well 02	SP 1100460-002	ppm ppm		NS		01/13/2011	0.400	0.4	0.4 - 0.4

PACIFIC OFFSHORE PIPELINE COMP

CCR Login Linkage - 2012

FGL CODE	DATE SAMPLED	LAB ID	METHOD	DESCRIPTION	PROPERTY
Control Rm. Bre	01/12/2012	SP 1200402-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	02/16/2012	SP 1201621-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	03/22/2012	SP 1202908-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	04/19/2012	SP 1203888-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	05/29/2012	SP 1205267-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	06/14/2012	SP 1205977-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	07/16/2012	SP 1207102-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	08/13/2012	SP 1208172-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	09/24/2012	SP 1209740-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	10/10/2012	SP 1210375-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	11/12/2012	SP 1211588-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
	12/14/2012	SP 1212830-001	Coliform	ControlRmBreakrmSink-PrimTap	POPCO Routine Bacteriological
Eye Wash Statio	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-004	Metals, Total	Eye Wash Station #7	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-004	Wet Chemistry	Eye Wash Station #7	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-005	Metals, Total	Eye Wash Station #10	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-005	Wet Chemistry	Eye Wash Station #10	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	04/01/2011	SP 1103284-004	Metals, Total	Eye Wash Station #7	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	04/01/2011	SP 1103284-005	Metals, Total	Eye Wash Station #10	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
Ladies Restroom	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-002	Metals, Total	Ladies Restroom @ Popco	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-002	Wet Chemistry	Ladies Restroom @ Popco	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	04/01/2011	SP 1103284-002	Metals, Total	Ladies Restroom @ Popco	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
Mens Restroom @	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-003	Metals, Total	Mens Restroom @ Popco	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-003	Wet Chemistry	Mens Restroom @ Popco	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	04/01/2011	SP 1103284-003	Metals, Total	Mens Restroom @ Popco	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
Popco Admin Bld	06/04/2008	SP 0806416-004	Metals, Total	Popco Admin Bldg-Mens RR 203RS	POPCO Wells-Lead & Copper
Popco Contracto	06/04/2008	SP 0806416-001	Metals, Total	Popco Contractors Brk Rm Sink	POPCO Wells-Lead & Copper
Popco Eyewash S	05/23/2011	SP 1105158-001	Metals, Total	Popco Eyewash Station #7	POPCO- Treated Water
	05/23/2011	SP 1105158-002	Metals, Total	Popco Eyewash Station #10	POPCO- Treated Water
Popco Lunch Roo	06/04/2008	SP 0806416-002	Metals, Total	Popco Lunch Room - Sink	POPCO Wells-Lead & Copper
	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-001	Metals, Total	Popco Lunch Room Sink	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	01/03/2011	SP 1100039-001	Wet Chemistry	Popco Lunch Room Sink	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
	04/01/2011	SP 1103284-001	Metals, Total	Popco Lunch Room Sink	POPCO - Treated Water Monitoring
Popco Mens RR 1	06/04/2008	SP 0806416-003	Metals, Total	Popco Mens RR 104-Sink	POPCO Wells-Lead & Copper
	06/08/2011	SP 1106084-003	Metals, Total	Popco Mens RR 104-Sink	POPCO Wells-Lead & Copper
Popco Sink @ Lu	03/12/2004	SP 0402519-001	EPA 551.1	Popco Sink @ Lunch Room	Disinfection By - Products
	03/12/2004	SP 0402519-001	EPA 552.2	Popco Sink @ Lunch Room	Disinfection By - Products
POPCO Well 02	06/26/2008	SP 0807045-002	Metals, Total	Well # 2	POPCO Wells-IOC (3 Yr.)
	03/30/2009	SP 0903056-002	Radio Chemistry	Well # 2	Radio Monitoring
	06/22/2009	SP 0906187-002	Radio Chemistry	Well # 2	Radio Monitoring
	06/22/2009	SP 0906190-002	EPA 504.1	Well # 2	POPCO Wells - SOCs
	06/22/2009	SP 0906190-002	EPA 507	Well # 2	POPCO Wells - SOCs
	09/14/2009	SP 0909181-002	Radio Chemistry	Well # 2	Radio Monitoring
	12/18/2009	SP 0912825-002	Radio Chemistry	Well # 2	Radio Monitoring
	01/29/2010	SP 1000914-002	Wet Chemistry	Well # 2	Groundwater Sampling (Every 3 Yr.)
	11/12/2010	SP 1011662-002	Wet Chemistry	Well # 2	POPCO-Perchlorate Monitoring
	01/13/2011	SP 1100460-002	General Mineral	Well # 2	Well Water Quality Monitoring
	01/13/2011	SP 1100460-002	Metals, Total	Well # 2	Well Water Quality Monitoring
	01/13/2011	SP 1100460-002	TOC	Well # 2	Well Water Quality Monitoring
	01/13/2011	SP 1100460-002	Wet Chemistry	Well # 2	Well Water Quality Monitoring
07/11/2011	SP 1106878-002	EPA 524.2	Well # 2	POPCO Wells-VOC (3 Yr.)	
Popco Womens R	06/04/2008	SP 0806416-005	Metals, Total	Popco Women's Restroom	POPCO Wells-Lead & Copper
Popco Women's R	06/08/2011	SP 1106084-005	Metals, Total	Popco Women's Restroom	POPCO Wells-Lead & Copper