

ATTACHMENT 7

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Board's website at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

Water System Name: California Orchard Company

Water System Number: 270-1742

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on 06/01/15 (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified by: Name: Brad Rice
Signature: 
Title: General Manager
Phone Number: (831) 385-3858 Date: 05/01/15

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used: Hand deliver when people pay their June rents.
- "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
 - Posting the CCR on the Internet at www.
 - Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
 - Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
 - Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
 - Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
 - Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
 - Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
 - Other (attach a list of other methods used)
- For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: www.
- For privately-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c), California Code of Regulations.

2014 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: California Orchard Company Report Date: 05/01/15
Water System 270-1742

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2014 and may include earlier monitoring data.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: Groundwater

Name & general location of source(s): Well 9 44557 Teague Avenue, Greenfield, CA. 93927

Drinking Water Source Assessment information: _____

Time and place of regularly scheduled board meetings for public participation: _____

For more information, contact: Brad Rice Phone: (831) 385-3858

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Variations and Exemptions: State Board permission to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.

ND: not detectable at testing limit

ppm: parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ppb: parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

ppt: parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

ppq: parts per quadrillion or picogram per liter (pg/L)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

TABLE 1 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA

Microbiological Contaminants (complete if bacteria detected)	Highest No. of Detections	No. of months in violation	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source of Bacteria
Total Coliform Bacteria	(In a mo.)	1	More than 1 sample in a month with a detection	0	Naturally present in the environment
Fecal Coliform or <i>E. coli</i>	(In the year)	0	A routine sample and a repeat sample detect total coliform and either sample also detects fecal coliform or <i>E. coli</i>	0	Human and animal fecal waste

TABLE 2 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER

Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in the last sample set)	Sample Date	No. of samples collected	90 th percentile level detected	No. sites exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Source of Contaminant
Lead (ppb)					15	0.2	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits
ND	3/12/14						
Copper (ppm)					1.3	0.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
ND	3/12/14						

TABLE 3 – SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Sodium (ppm)	3/12/14	32		none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (ppm)	3/12/14	230		none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

*Any violation of an MCL or AL is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

TABLE 4 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
See attached						

TABLE 5 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
See attached						

TABLE 6 – DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Health Effects Language
See attached					

*Any violation of an MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA’s Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead-Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. [INSERT NAME OF UTILITY] is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

VIOLATION OF A MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT				
Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language
Total Coliform	More than 1 sample in month with a detection	1 month	Disinfection	Potential vomiting and diarrhea

For Water Systems Providing Ground Water as a Source of Drinking Water

TABLE 7 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING FECAL INDICATOR-POSITIVE GROUND WATER SOURCE SAMPLES					
Microbiological Contaminants (complete if fecal-indicator detected)	Total No. of Detections	Sample Dates	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
<i>E. coli</i>	(In the year)		0	(0)	Human and animal fecal waste
Enterococci	(In the year)		TT	n/a	Human and animal fecal waste
Coliphage	(In the year)		TT	n/a	Human and animal fecal waste

Summary Information for Fecal Indicator-Positive Ground Water Source Samples, Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies, or Ground Water TT

SPECIAL NOTICE OF FECAL INDICATOR-POSITIVE GROUND WATER SOURCE SAMPLE				
SPECIAL NOTICE FOR UNCORRECTED SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES				
VIOLATION OF GROUND WATER TT				
TT Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language



MONTEREY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Consolidated Chemistry Laboratory

1270 Natividad Road Salinas, CA 93906
 Phone (831)755-4516 Fax (831) 755-4652

ELAP Certification Number: 1395

APR 29 2014

California Orchard Co.
 P.O. Box 686
 King City, CA 93930

Attn: Jim Hinderscheid

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Monday, April 28, 2014

Lab Number: AB66533

Sample Site: WELL 7
 Source Code: 2701742-001
 Other ID: 2701742

Client Code: TEAGUE1

Collection Date/Time: 3/12/2014 8:30
 Submittal Date/Time: 3/12/2014 14:47
 Sample Collector: HINDERSCHIED J

Sample Comments: Routine Drinking Water. Copy forwarded to Monterey County Environmental Health Receiving temperature 8.9°C.

Analyte	Method	Unit	Result	DLR	MCL	PQL	Date Analyzed
524.2, Volatile Organic Compound	Attached	Attached	Completed			Attached	3/21/2014
Aluminum (Al)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	50	1000*	5	3/13/2014
Antimony (Sb)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	6	6*	0.5	3/13/2014
Arsenic (As)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	3	2	10*	1	3/13/2014
Barium (Ba)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	100	1000*	0.5	3/13/2014
Beryllium (Be)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	1	4*	0.5	3/13/2014
Bicarbonate Alkalinity (as HCO3)	Calculated	mg/L	202.5	N/A		1.0	3/12/2014
Cadmium (Cd)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	1	5*	0.5	3/13/2014
Calcium	ASTM6919-09	mg/L	56			1	3/21/2014
Calculated Langelier	Calculation	CaCO3	0.57	N/A			3/24/2014
Carbonate Alkalinity (as CO3)	Calculated	mg/L	ND	N/A		1.0	3/12/2014
Chromium (Cr)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	10	50*	5	3/13/2014
Cl (Chloride)	EPA300.0 REV	mg/L	21	N/A	250**	1	3/13/2014
Color Determination	SM2120B-2001	Color Units	<2	N/A	15**	2	3/12/2014
Conductivity	SM2510 B-199	umho/cm	554	N/A	900**	2	3/14/2014
Copper (Cu)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	50	1000*	0.5	3/13/2014
Cyanide	Attached	Attached	Completed			Attached	3/17/2014
F (Fluoride)	EPA300.0 REV	mg/L	0.21	0.1	2*	0.10	3/13/2014
Gross Alpha Radiation	Attached	Attached	Completed			Attached	3/19/2014
Hardness	SM2340B-1997	mg/L	230	N/A			3/24/2014

mg/L : Milligrams per liter (=ppm)
 PQL : Practical Quantitation Limit
 DLR : Detection Limit for Reporting

ug/L : Micrograms per liter (=ppb)
 MCL : Maximum Contaminant Level
 ND : Not Detected
 N/A : Not Applicable

* : Primary Standards
 ** : Secondary Standards
 *** : Action Level

Hydroxide Alkalinity (as OH)	Calculated	mg/L	ND	N/A		N/A	3/12/2014
Iron	Attached	Attached	Completed			Attached	3/19/2014
Lead (Pb)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	5	50*	0.5	3/13/2014
Magnesium	ASTM6919-09	mg/L	22	N/A		1	3/21/2014
Manganese (Mn)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	20	50**	0.5	3/13/2014
MBAS, calc as LAS, mol wt. 340	SM5540 C-200	mg/L	ND	0.050	0.5**	0.050	3/13/2014
Mercury (Hg)	EPA200.8	ug/L	ND	1	2*	0.25	3/13/2014
Nickel (Ni)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	10	100*	0.5	3/13/2014
Nitrite as nitrogen	SM4500 NO2B-	ug/L	ND	400	1000*	400	3/12/2014
NO3 (Nitrate)	EPA300.0 REV	mg/L	10	2.0	45*	1	3/13/2014
Perchlorate	Attached	Attached	Completed			Attached	3/18/2014
pH (Laboratory)	SM4500H+ B-2	Std Units	7.5	N/A	6.5-8.5**	N/A	3/12/2014
Potassium	ASTM6919-09	mg/L	1.4	N/A		0.1	3/21/2014
Selenium (Se)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	5	50*	5	3/13/2014
Silver (Ag)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	10	100**	5	3/13/2014
SO4 (Sulfate)	EPA300.0 REV	mg/L	81	0.5	250**	1	3/13/2014
SOC (Regional Panel)	Attached	Attached	Completed			Attached	3/15/2014
Sodium	ASTM6919-09	mg/L	32	N/A		1	3/21/2014
Thallium (Tl)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	1	2*	0.5	3/13/2014
Threshold odor number	SM2150-B	TON	ND	N/A	3**	1.0	3/12/2014
Total Alkalinity (as CaCO3)	SM2320 B-199	mg/L	166	N/A		1	3/12/2014
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	SM2540 C-199	mg/L	348	N/A	500**	5	3/13/2014
Total Radium 228	Attached	Attached	Completed			Attached	4/10/2014
Turbidity (Laboratory)	SM2130 B-200	NTU	0.05	N/A	5*	0.05	3/12/2014
Zinc (Zn)	EPA200.8 REV	ug/L	ND	50	5000**	5	3/13/2014

Data will be sent via EDT.

Report Approved by:



G. R. Guibert, M.S., P.H.M.
Laboratory Director

mg/L : Milligrams per liter (=ppm)
PQL : Practical Quantitation Limit
DLR : Detection Limit for Reporting

ug/L : Micrograms per liter (=ppb)
MCL : Maximum Contaminant Level
ND : Not Detected
N/A : Not Applicable

* : Primary Standards
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*** : Action Level